

영어문장 끊어 읽기 요령 7가지

의미단위로 끊어 읽는 것, 그것이 바로 독해력과 청해력 향상의 지름길입니다. 아래의 내용을 항상 염두에 두세요. 많은 도움이 됩니다.

1. 주어 앞에 오는 부사구와 부사절은 주어 앞에서 끊어 읽는다.
 - a. Under these circumstances / we cannot carry out the plan.
 - b. To make matters worse, / it began to rain.
 - c. Waving good-bye, / she got on the bus.
 - d. After he finished the work, / he went out for a walk.
2. 긴 주어 뒤에서 끊어 읽는다.
 - a. To work hard / is your duty.
 - b. Making much money / is not the end of life.
 - c. That he is a fool / is generally admitted.
 - d. What I'm trying to say / is Be happy.
3. 긴 목적어 앞에서 끊어 읽는다.
 - a. He told me / that he had finished the work.
 - b. Can you tell me / where I can catch my train?
 - c. If my mother knew / what I had done, / she would be furious.
 - d. If you asked most men / what their favourite sport was, / they would probably say / it was football.
4. 진주어 또는 진목적어 앞에서 끊어 읽는다.
 - a. It is very difficult / for me to do the work.
 - b. It is very kind / of you to invite me.
 - c. I find it quite impossible / to lie to her.
5. 접속사 앞에서 끊어 읽는다.
 - a. The problem was so difficult / that I could not solve it.
 - b. Tom attended the meeting, / but Mary didn't.
 - c. Will you lend me that book / when you're finished with it?
6. 관계대명사와 선행사 사이에서 끊어 읽는다.
 - a. This is the book / which I bought.
 - b. That is the house / in which I live.
 - c. I have a computer / with which I can make a phone call.
7. 삽입구나 삽입절의 앞과 뒤에서 끊어 읽는다.
 - a. He is, / I'm sure, / a really capable teacher.
 - b. Pusan, / the second largest city in Korea, / is famous for its beautiful beaches.
 - c. The concert, / which had been held at the Seoul Arts Center yesterday, / was excellent.