

제 3 장

문제 1 풀이

가공 energy $\frac{P_m}{\text{work (power)}} = F_c \cdot V_c$

단 F_c : (冷)切削抵抗 R_c 切削分力

V_c : 절삭속도.

$$\begin{aligned} \frac{P_m}{\text{Heat energy}} &= A \cdot F_c \cdot V_c = A (A_0 \cdot f_c) \cdot V_c \\ &= A_0 (A \cdot f_c) \cdot V_c \\ &= A_0 \cdot P_c \cdot V_c \quad (* \text{kg/cm}^2 = \text{kg} \cdot \text{cm/cm}^2) \end{aligned}$$

단. A : 칩의 열량량

P_s : 비 절삭열 energy ($= A \cdot f_c$)

A_0 : uncut chip 단면적 (본 문제에 대한 칩의 열량량 A 와 구별하기 위하여 uncut chip 단면적을 A_0 로 표시하였음)

f_c : 비 절삭저항.

chip의 평균온도 상승 θ_s :

$$\theta_s = \frac{(1 -) P_s}{\rho \cdot c \cdot V_c \cdot f \cdot b_w} = \frac{(1 - 0.04) P_m'}{\rho \cdot c \cdot V_c \cdot A_0} = \frac{0.96 \cdot P_s \cdot V_c \cdot A_0}{\rho \cdot c \cdot V_c \cdot A_0} = \frac{0.96 P_s}{\rho \cdot c}$$

* 보충 「 그런데 $P_m' = P_s + P_f$, $P_s \gg P_f$

$$\therefore P_m' \doteq P_s$$

$$\therefore \theta_s = \frac{(1 - 0.04) P_s}{\rho \cdot c \cdot V_c \cdot A_0} = \frac{(1 - 0.04) P_m}{\rho \cdot c \cdot V_c \cdot A_0} \quad \dots$$

[답] chip의 평균온도상승 $\theta_s = \frac{0.96 P_s}{\rho \cdot c}$

문제 2 풀이

$$P_m = F_c \cdot V_c \quad \text{-----} \quad (1)$$

$$P_f = F_f \cdot V_f = F_f \cdot V_c \cdot r_c \quad \text{(\(\leftarrow, V_f\): chip 속도)}$$

$$(\because V_c \cdot t = V_f \cdot t_c \rightarrow V_f = V_c \cdot \frac{t}{t_c} = V_c \cdot r_c)$$

$$\alpha_{me} = 0 \text{ 일때 } F_f = F_A$$

$$P_f = F_A \cdot V_c \cdot r_c \quad \text{-----} \quad (2)$$

$$\text{그러면 } P_s = \underbrace{P_m}_{(1)} - \underbrace{P_f}_{(2)}$$

$$\therefore P_s = F_c \cdot V_c - F_A \cdot V_c \cdot r_c = F_c \cdot V_c \left(1 - \overset{F_f}{\frac{F_A}{F_c}} \cdot r_c\right)$$

$$= F_c \cdot V_c \left(1 - \frac{F_f}{F_c} \cdot r_c\right)$$

$$\text{그러면 } \frac{F_f}{F_c} = \frac{F_f}{F_m} = \tan \beta = \mu$$

(\(\alpha_{me} = 0\)\ 일때 切削抵抗 vector circle))

$$\therefore P_s = F_c \cdot V_c \cdot (1 - \mu \cdot r_c)$$

문제 3 풀이

$$\theta_s = \frac{(1-\rho) P_s}{\rho \cdot c \cdot V_c \cdot t \cdot b_w} = \frac{F_c \cdot V_c \cdot (1-\mu \cdot r_c)}{(t \cdot b_w) \cdot V_c \cdot \rho \cdot c} = \frac{F_c}{A} \cdot \frac{(1-\delta)(1-\mu \cdot r_c)}{\rho \cdot c}$$

次元解析에 의하여

$$\left. \begin{array}{l} P_s : FL/L^3 \\ \frac{F_c}{A} : F/L^2 = FL/L^3 \end{array} \right\} \Rightarrow P_s = \frac{F_c}{A}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \therefore \theta_s &= P_s \cdot \frac{(1-r)(1-\mu \cdot V_c)}{\rho \cdot c} = \frac{2.8 \text{ N/m}^2 (1-0.1)(1-1 \times 0.2)}{1200 \text{ kg/m}^3 \times 500 \text{ J/kg} \cdot \text{K}} \\ &= \frac{2.8 \times 10^8 \text{ N/m}^2 \times 0.9 \times 0.8}{1200 \text{ kg/m}^3 \times 500 \text{ J/kg} \cdot \text{K}} = 576 \text{ N} \cdot \text{m} \cdot \text{K/J} \\ &= 560 \text{ J} \cdot \text{K/J} = 560^\circ\text{C} \quad * \text{K: Kelvin degree } (^\circ\text{C}) \end{aligned}$$

[답] 전단열의 평균온도 $\theta_s = 560^\circ\text{C}$

문제 4 풀이

$$\theta_s = P_s \cdot \frac{(1-r)(1-\mu \cdot V_c)}{\rho \cdot c} \text{ 는 } V_c \text{ 의 함수가 아니므로}$$

문제 3 풀이의 해답과 같다.

문제 5 풀이

1 행정당 가공물에 流入된 熱

$$= \frac{30 \text{ KJ}}{100 \text{ strokes}} = \frac{30000 \text{ J}}{100 \text{ strokes}} = 300 \text{ J/stroke}$$

$$1 \text{ 행정시간} = \frac{l}{V_c} = \frac{300 \text{ mm}}{1 \text{ m/sec}} = \frac{300 \text{ mm}}{1000 \text{ mm/sec}} = 0.3 \text{ sec}$$

가공물에 流入된 rate of heat Φ_w :

$$\Phi_w = \frac{300 \text{ J/stroke}}{0.3 \text{ sec}} = 1000 \text{ Joule/sec} \cdot \text{stroke}$$

$$P_s = P_m - P_f, \quad F_c \cdot V_c = P_m$$

$$P_f = F_f \cdot V_f = F_f \cdot \frac{t}{t_c} \cdot V_c = F_f \cdot V_c \cdot V_c$$

또, V_f : chip 速度

$$\frac{\text{가공물에 流入된 熱}}{\text{切削區域의 熱}} = \frac{\Phi_D}{P} = \frac{1000 \text{ J/sec} \cdot \text{stroke}}{4232 \text{ J/sec}} = 0.236 / \text{stroke}.$$

[답] $\frac{\text{가공물에 유입된 열}}{\text{전단역의 열}} = 0.236 / \text{stroke}$

문제 6.7은 제 3장 본문참조